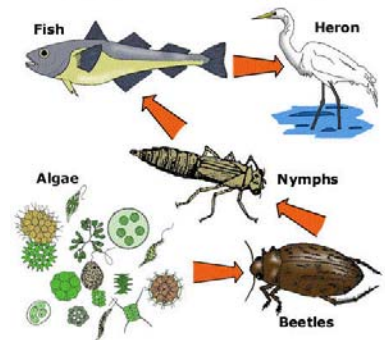


# Relationships within Ecosystems

organisms	resources	pollution	interacting
human impact	physical	energy	secondary
ecosystems	each other	primary	survival
producers	competition	consumers	non-living
collaboration	survive	pollination	parenting

Food chain - estuary



## Fill the Gaps

1. An ecosystem is formed by \_\_\_\_\_ in a particular environment  
\_\_\_\_\_ with one another and with their \_\_\_\_\_ environment.
2. Organisms can be identified as \_\_\_\_\_ consumers,  
\_\_\_\_\_ consumers, decomposers or \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Food chains show the flow of \_\_\_\_\_ between living things in  
an \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Living things are dependent on \_\_\_\_\_ and on  
\_\_\_\_\_ factors for their \_\_\_\_\_.
5. All organisms depend on other organisms to \_\_\_\_\_, and this  
interdependency includes \_\_\_\_\_, predation,  
\_\_\_\_\_, parasitism, \_\_\_\_\_, reproduction and  
\_\_\_\_\_.
6. Ecosystems are intricate and are particularly sensitive to \_\_\_\_\_  
including \_\_\_\_\_ and over use of \_\_\_\_\_.